

# **Toxicity of Cholecalciferol to rats**

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in a multi-species bait Charles Eason, Steve Hix, Dan Baigent, Lindsay Wilson, Steve Boot, Duncan MacMorran, Aroha Miller and Shaun Ogilvie, Lincoln University, PO Box 84, Lincoln;



## Introduction

- Feracol®, a paste containing 0.8% cholecalciferol, has been used for possum control.
- It has a low risk of causing secondary poisoning or bioaccumulating.
- Pen and field trials have been undertaken to assess the effectiveness of this paste for controlling rodents.

## **Methods**

## **Cage Trials**

- 15 laboratory Norway rats (230-405g) and 20 wild caught Ship rats (108-184g) were tested.
- The Norway rats and 4 Ship rats were offered both Feracol<sup>®</sup> and a non-toxic equivalent paste over 48 hours.
- 16 Ship rats were presented with Feracol® alone.
- The amount of bait eaten, mortality, and time until death were recorded.

#### Field Trials

- Monitoring of rat numbers before and after application of Feracol<sup>®</sup> bait was undertaken at three trial sites in the Urewera National Park.
- The sites were 34, 180 and 220 ha respectively. Rat population density was assessed using tracking tunnels.
- Philproof® bait stations containing 200g Feracol® were placed 50m apart on grids at the Lions Hut site and monitoring was undertaken at one location p/ha using tracking tunnels.
- At Mangaone and Pakoakoa, two Striker® bait stations containing 18g Feracol® were sited at 25m intervals on lines 150m apart, and monitoring was undertaken with 5 lines of 10 tunnels at 50m intervals.

## Results

### Cage Trials

- Thirty four rats died in an average 4.0 days. Deaths first occurred after one day to 4 days.
- Only one rat of 35 survived. This rat did not eat any toxic bait.
- Feracol<sup>®</sup> was effective when given alone or in the choice test when presented alongside non-toxic paste.

Rat	Study Type	Bait Eaten (g)	Mortality
Norway	Choice	0 – 20.4	14/15
Ship	Choice	1.6 – 6.3	4/4
Ship	No choice	0.7 – 16.1	16/16

#### **Field Trials**

Feracol® was extremely effective in reducing the % rat tracking rate at all three sites.

Name of site/size of treatment area (ha)	Treatment regimen/ No. of bait station /Amount of bait	Monitoring systems	% rat tracking results before treatment (non- treatment area in brackets)	% rat tracking results after treatment (non- treatment area in brackets)	% reduction in tracking (non-treatment area in brackets)
Lions Hut 34	Philproof bait stations 50x50 m grid, 200g	Randomly placed at approx one tunnel p/ha	78 (93)	3 (59)	96 (34)
Mangaone 180	2 Strikers containing 18g every 25m on lines 150m apart	Five lines of 10 tunnels at 50m intervals	51	0	100
Pakoakoa 220	2 Strikers containing 18g each every 25m on lines 150m apart	Five lines of 10 tunnels at 50m intervals	36	0	100

# **Conclusions**



- These cage and field trials demonstrate that Feracol® is effective at killing rats.
- Both moderate and high concentrations of Ship rats were effectively controlled by Feracol<sup>®</sup> in the Philproof<sup>®</sup> and Striker<sup>®</sup> bait station delivery systems.
- At these sites, sustained possum and rodent control is enabling recovery of native bird populations.
- Feracol<sup>®</sup> is now registered for possum and rat control.
- We are currently working on a low dose formulation which we believe will be safer whilst having similar efficacy to paste containing 0.8% cholecalciferol.





Bibliography: Eason CT. (1991), Cholecalciferol as an alternative to sodium monofluoroacetate (1080) for poisoning possums. Proceedings of the New Zealand Weed and Pest Control Conference 44: 35-37 Eason CT; Wickstrom ML; Henderson R; Milne L; Arthur D. (2000). Non-target and secondary poisoning risks associated with cholecalciferol. Proceedings of the New Zealand Plant Protection Conference 53: 299-304



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